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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

NOV 0 1 2005

November 1, 2005

tre application of

WEINBERG, et al.

Serial No.

10/623,428

Filed

July 18, 2003

For:

METHOD OF DECONTAMINATION OF WHOLE STRUCTURES AND ARTICLES CONTAMINATED BY

PATHOGENIC SPORES

Examiner

JASTRZAB, Krisanne Marie

Art Unit

1774

Our File No.

10674.4802 (10674.3802)

AMENDMENT AFTER FINAL UNDER RULE 1.116

Mail Stop AF Commissioner for Patents Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

This Amendment After Final Under Rule 1.116 is submitted in response to the Examiner's Final Office Action dated September 2, 2005. Reconsideration is respectfully requested. It is believed the Amendment places the application in condition for allowance on its face.

Amendments to the Claims begin on page 2.

Remarks begin on page 6.

In re application of: WEINBERG, Mark J.

Serial No.: 10/623,428

Page 3

22. (Previously Cancelled)

23. (Previously Cancelled)

24. (Previously Cancelled)

25. (Previously Cancelled)

26. (Previously Cancelled)

27. (Previously Cancelled)

28. (Previously Cancelled)

29. (Previously Cancelled)

30. (Currently Amended) A method of decontaminating a structure contaminated by pathogenic microorganisms Bacillus anthraces comprising the steps of:

- (a) substantially sealing a contaminated structure sufficiently to enable retention of a predetermined concentration of methyl bromide gas;
- (b) introducing methyl bromide gas into the substantially sealed contaminated structure to a concentration of methyl bromide in an amount sufficient to deactivate said pathogenic microorganisms Bacillus anthraces and disable germination of pathogenic bacteria Bacillus anthraces spores;
- (c) maintaining said substantially sealed contaminated structure with said concentration of methyl bromide for a sufficient period of time to deactivate said pathogenic microorganisms Bacillus anthraces and to disable germination of said pathogenic bacteria Bacillus anthraces spores associated with said contaminated structure;
- (d) wherein the concentration of methyl bromide gas and period of time are inversely varied while providing a sufficient gas concentration to disable germination of

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